

Exhibit 1

List and Description of Amici Curiae

Asian American Institute (“AAI”) is a pan-Asian, non-partisan, non-profit organization located in Chicago, Illinois, whose mission is to empower the Asian American community through advocacy, coalition-building, education, and research. AAI’s programs include legal advocacy, community organizing, and leadership development. Asian Americans are a diverse and often overlooked community, but they are one of the fastest-growing populations in the United States. AAI strives to eradicate the illegal and unjust discrimination that Asian Americans face, including discrimination against those who look or sound foreign. The enforcement of laws such as SB 1070 worsen discrimination against communities of color. Accordingly, AAI has a strong interest in the outcome of this case and in enjoining enforcement of SB 1070.

The **American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (“ADC”)** is a national non-profit grassroots organization whose mission is to defend and promote human rights, civil rights, and civil liberties of Arab Americans and other persons who seek assistance. ADC, which is non-sectarian and non-partisan, is the largest Arab-American grassroots organization in the United States. ADC is at the forefront in addressing discrimination and bias against Arab Americans wherever it is practiced. With members residing in Arizona, ADC has a particular interest in ensuring that SB 1070 is not enforced. Enforcement of the bill would subject all minority communities – including Arab Americans – to discrimination, based on the fact these individuals may “look” or “sound” foreign or different. As a result of profiling, many ADC members in

Arizona may be subject to unwarranted harassment, detention, and interrogation by law enforcement officials.

The **Arab American Institute** represents the policy and community interests of Arab Americans throughout the United States and strives to promote Arab American participation in the U.S. electoral system by focusing on two areas: campaigns and elections and policy formation and research. The Institute strives to serve as a central resource to government officials, the media, political leaders, and community groups on a variety of public policy issues that concern Arab Americans and U.S.-Arab relations. The Arab American Institute has actively worked to find policy alternatives to subjective stops and detentions (both within the U.S. and at its borders) conducted by local law officials who play an ever-increasing role in immigration enforcement.

The **Arab Community Center for Economic and Social Services** (“**ACCESS**”) is a 40-year old human services organization committed to the development of the Arab-American community, and the greater community, in all aspects of its economic and cultural life. To support this goal, ACCESS provides a wide range of human and cultural services, as well as advocacy work. A leading “core value” of ACCESS is empowering the community by challenging them to become involved in civic engagement. It is only through participation at all facets of society that true “integration” can come to fruition in the United States of America and the legacy of racism will fade into history. Essential to that philosophy is a requirement that the laws of this country are not designed to encourage racial and ethnic profiling.

The **Arizona Asian American Bar Association (“AAABA”)** is nonprofit organization that seeks to provide a vehicle and forum for unified expression of opinions and positions by our members regarding current social, political, economic, legal, and other issues of concern to Asian Americans. AAABA also promotes the professional growth of Asian American lawyers and provides financial and academic support to Asian American law students. AAABA opposes measures that, in purpose or result, discriminate against individuals based on immutable characteristics such as race or ethnicity. AAABA believes SB 1070 will increase targeting of “illegals” and result in unjust application of the law. Accordingly, AAABA has a strong interest in the outcome of this case.

The **Arizona Opportunities Industrialization Center (“Arizona OIC”)** was founded in April 1967, as a private nonprofit, community based organization, designed to address the critical employability needs of Phoenix’s economically disadvantaged and ethnic minority citizens. Since 1967, Arizona OIC has served over 50,000 and placed more than 30,000 in meaningful jobs. The clients of Arizona OIC are economically disadvantaged and face significant barriers to employment. Within this population, Arizona OIC services all segment: those with limited English proficiency school dropouts, teenage parents, ex-offenders, handicapped, dislocated workers, homeless, and displaced homemakers. Many of Arizona’s OIC’s clients would likely be the subject of police inquiry if SB1070 is enforced.

The **Asian American Legal Defense and Education Fund (“AALDEF”)**, founded in 1974, is a non-profit organization based in New York City that defends the

civil rights of Asian Americans nationwide through litigation, legal advocacy, and dissemination of public information. Throughout its long history, AALDEF has protected the rights of Asians and other immigrants to be free from discrimination based on race and ethnicity as well as immigrant status. The inherent racial profiling of SB 1070 threatens the rights of Asians and other immigrants.

Founded in 1972, the **Asian Law Caucus** is a non-profit organization advancing the legal and civil rights of Asian American and Pacific Islander communities. It is the nation's oldest legal organization serving Asian Americans and is dedicated to the pursuit of equality and justice for all sectors of society. We advocate for the full and equal integration of immigrant communities in a variety of contexts and focus particularly on the needs of Asian and Pacific Islander immigrants.

BPSOS, Inc. (formerly Boat People S.O.S.) headquartered in Falls Church, Virginia, is a national Vietnamese-American community-based organization with 18 branch offices nationwide. Its mission is to empower, organize, and equip Vietnamese individuals and communities in their pursuit of liberty and dignity. BPSOS has a particular interest in ensuring that SB 1070 is never enforced because it potentially subjects Vietnamese Americans to harassment due to their appearance, behavior or culture. This would undermine the Vietnamese American community's trust in law enforcement and leave many reluctant to report crimes within their own neighborhoods.

The **Center for Community Change ("CCC")**, a 501(c)(3) organization, is committed to building the power and capacity of low-income people, especially low-income people of color, to change their communities and public policies for the better.

Recognizing that low-income communities, particularly communities of color, are often subject to great social and economic injustice, CCC connects and mobilizes grassroots groups to enhance their leadership, voice, and power. CCC presently works to strengthen grassroots immigrant organizations and equip them to participate in the public debate about immigration reform. With its grassroots partner groups, CCC works toward the full participation and integration of immigrants in the civic life of the nation. CCC's goal is to transform the public conversation from hostility toward immigrants to recognition that they play an integral and valuable role in American democracy.

Clergy & Laity United for Economic Justice (“CLUE-LA”) is an economic justice organization, concerned with ensuring that all people have access to economic opportunities which can bring them to the middle-class. Its mission is to educate, organize, and mobilize the faith community to walk with workers and their families in their struggle for good jobs and dignity in the workplace. This mission is rooted in scripture, for CLUE-LA believes in “loving the stranger,” a phrase found dozens of times in the Hebrew Bible. As a multi-faith community of clergy and lay leaders devoted to economic justice, CLUE-LA recognizes how racism, xenophobia, and anti-immigrant attitudes undermine its biblical commitment to the “Other” and prevent entire communities of people from advancing economically.

The Coalition for Humane Immigrant Rights of Los Angeles (“CHIRLA”) is a membership-based non-partisan, non-profit organization located in Los Angeles, California. CHIRLA's mission is to work for and empower its membership through advocacy, education, and organizing. This is done by working in coalitions at

the local, state, and national levels, with diverse segments of the community from household workers, street vendors, day laborers to both high school and college students. In Los Angeles, the Los Angeles Police Department currently adheres to its own Special Order 40, which prohibits its officers from initiating contact in order to determine an individual's immigration status. Laws such as SB 1070 are the antithesis of SO 40; while inevitably leading to discrimination against communities of color, they are also severely detrimental to public safety as people become more reluctant to report crimes to the police. In California, CHIRLA has also directly dealt with the very real effects of statewide Proposition 187, which (before it was declared unconstitutional) attempted to deny access to social services, health care, and public education to undocumented immigrants. CHIRLA's interest in this case is based upon its mission and experience with issues such as SO 40 and Proposition 187.

The **Equal Justice Society** ("EJS") is a national organization of scholars, advocates, and citizens that seeks to promote equality and enduring social change through law, public policy, public education, and research. The primary mission of EJS is to combat the continuing scourge of racial discrimination and inequality in America. Consistent with that mission, EJS works to confront all manifestations of invidious discrimination and second-class citizenship. Such threats to dignity spring from a common source and endanger everyone, no matter the context in which they arise.

The mission of the **Greater Phoenix Urban League**, one of the 101 affiliates of the National Urban League, is to assist African Americans, other minorities and the disadvantaged in the achievement of social and economic equality. The league

implements its mission through advocacy, bridge building, program services and research. Since 1945, the Greater Phoenix Urban League has worked to help individuals who confront hardships improve their quality of life. The tradition of direct and targeted educational programs, home ownership assistance, and job readiness training has been a hallmark of the Greater Phoenix Urban League (GPUL) since its founding.

The **Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society (“HIAS”)** has been the international migration arm of the American Jewish community for over 125 years. HIAS has helped over 4.5 million refugees and other vulnerable migrants by providing overseas assistance and resettlement services in communities nationwide, as well as by representing immigrants in their applications for asylum, adjustment of status, and citizenship before the U.S. government. Particularly in light of the mandate set forth in the Torah to “welcome the stranger” as well as the history of persecution and extermination of Jews, HIAS has a strong interest in seeing that SB 1070 is enjoined.

The **Hispanic Bar Association of New Jersey (“HBA-NJ”)** is entering its thirtieth year of service to the Hispanic community of the state and was chartered to promote the education and advancement of Hispanics in the legal profession, to support the development of young Hispanic attorneys, and to advocate on the major issues affecting Hispanic lawyers and the Hispanic community in the Garden State. The HBA-NJ has been very active addressing the concerns of Latino residents on the issues of policing and the immigrant community including the application of Section 287g status by certain municipalities in the state and the issuance of Attorney General’s Directive 2007-3, which purports to regulate the interactions between law enforcement and

members of immigrant groups in New Jersey. Its interest in Arizona law SB 1070 is based on these experiences and its concern about a) the constitutionality of statutory measures that can be used to discriminate against protected classes in this country – a practice that has been documented but not fully ameliorated in New Jersey; and b) the statute’s potential to increase the vulnerability to crime of our nation’s immigrant population and to sabotage the best features of community policing.

The **Illinois Coalition for Immigrant and Refugee Rights (“ICIRR”)** is dedicated to promoting the rights of immigrants and refugees to full and equal participation in the civic, cultural, social, and political life of our diverse society. In partnership with its member organizations, ICIRR educates and organizes immigrant and refugee communities to assert their rights; promotes citizenship and civic participation; monitors, analyzes, and advocates on immigrant-related issues; and, informs the general public about the contributions of immigrants and refugees. ICIRR believes that Arizona’s SB 1070 openly discriminates against immigrants, their families, and other individuals who may appear to be immigrants, and supports efforts to stop the enforcement of this law and the enactment of similar laws throughout the country.

Immigration Equality is a national organization that works to end discrimination in immigration law against those in the gay, lesbian, bisexual, and transgender (“LGBT”) community and immigrants who are living with HIV or AIDS. Incorporated in 1994, Immigration Equality helps those affected by these discriminatory practices through education, outreach, advocacy, and the maintenance of a nationwide resource network and a heavily-trafficked website. Immigration Equality also runs a pro

bono asylum program and provides technical assistance and advice to hundreds of attorneys nation-wide on sexual orientation, transgender, and HIV-based asylum matters. Immigration Equality is particularly concerned by SB 1070 because LGBT individuals are often the targets of hate crimes, and this statute will make it dangerous for anyone potentially perceived as foreign to report these crimes. Moreover, transgender individuals are often targeted for police harassment simply based on their appearance and would be at heightened risk of pretextual police stops.

Lambda Legal Defense and Education Fund, Inc. (“Lambda Legal”) is the oldest and largest national legal organization dedicated to securing full civil rights for lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) people and those living with HIV. Through its Proyecto Igualdad, Lambda Legal extends its legal and educational resources to Spanish speakers and engages the many Latino/Hispanic communities in the United States. SB 1070 doubly threatens LGBT people of color, and especially LGBT immigrants of color, many of whom are forced into a double closet – and made unconscionably vulnerable – afraid of disclosing their sexual orientation and/or gender identity and afraid of disclosing their immigration status. Moreover, because lesbian and gay U.S. citizens may not sponsor a foreign-born spouse or partner to immigrate lawfully, as thousands of heterosexuals do every year, binational same-sex couples cannot achieve legal security. By recent calculations, nearly 800 of these families live in Arizona, many with children. SB1070 makes it likely that even more of these families will be torn apart.

The Lawyers’ Committee for Civil Rights of the San Francisco Bay Area (“Lawyers’ Committee”) is a civil rights and legal services organization devoted

to advancing the rights of people of color, low-income individuals, immigrants and refugees, women, children, and other underrepresented persons. The Lawyers' Committee is affiliated with the Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law in Washington, D.C., which was created at the behest of President John Kennedy in 1963. In 1968, the Lawyers' Committee was established by leading members of the private bar in San Francisco. Through its Immigrant and Refugee Rights Project, the Lawyers' Committee has litigated scores of major class actions implicating the constitutional rights of immigrants and refugees, including a successful challenge to Proposition 187, a California law similar to SB 1070. The Lawyers' Committee has a profound interest in protecting the constitutional rights of noncitizens in this country.

The **League of Women Voters of the United States** is a nonpartisan, community-based civic organization that encourages the informed and active participation of citizens in government and influences public policy through education and advocacy. Founded in 1920 as an outgrowth of the struggle to win voting rights for women, it is organized in more than 825 communities and in every State, with more than 150,000 members and supporters nationwide. The **League of Women Voters of Arizona**, with 700 members grouped into seven local organizations, is affiliated with, but separately incorporated from, the League of Women Voters of the United States. Both organizations have long worked to protect civil rights under the Constitution, believing that no person or group should suffer legal, economic or administrative discrimination.

Muslim Advocates is a nonprofit, educational, charitable entity dedicated to promoting and protecting freedom, justice, and equality for all, regardless of faith, by

using the tools of legal advocacy, policy engagement, and education. Founded in 2005, Muslim Advocates is a sister entity to the National Association of Muslim Lawyers, a network of Muslim American legal professionals. Muslim Advocates seeks to protect the founding values of this nation and believes this country can be safe and secure without sacrificing constitutional rights and protections. In pursuit of this goal, Muslim Advocates works to end discriminatory government policies and practices, such as SB 1070, that are contrary to this nation's promise of equal protection and equal justice under the law.

The **Muslim Public Affairs Council** ("MPAC") is an American institution which informs and shapes public opinion and policy by serving as a trusted resource to decision makers in government, media and policy institutions. MPAC is also committed to developing leaders with the purpose of enhancing the political and civic participation of American Muslims. MPAC believes it is unjust for any group or community to be discriminated against or have their civil liberties violated. It is important for America to preserve trust between communities and law enforcement, which is critical to enhance public safety and national security. Laws such as SB1070 will only increase and invite discriminatory treatment by law enforcement officers and will weaken the trust between communities and law enforcement.

The **National Asian Pacific American Bar Association** ("NAPABA") is the national association of Asian Pacific American attorneys, judges, law professors, and law students. NAPABA represents the interests of over 40,000 attorneys and 63 local Asian Pacific American bar associations. NAPABA's members include solo

practitioners, large firm lawyers, corporate counsel, legal service and non-profit attorneys, and lawyers serving at all levels of government. Since its inception in 1988, NAPABA has served as the national voice for Asian Pacific Americans in the legal profession and has promoted justice, equity and opportunity for Asian Pacific Americans. NAPABA engages in civil rights advocacy on various fronts and has a particular interest in ensuring that SB1070 is not enforced because individuals should not be subjected to heightened police scrutiny and should not be burdened with a presumption of illegality on the basis of their perceived “foreignness” in appearance.

The **National Black Law Students Association (“NBLSA”)** is a 501(c)(3) corporation and the nation’s largest student-run organization, representing nearly 6,000 minority law students from over 200 chapters and affiliates throughout the United States and six other countries. Founded in 1968, NBLSA was created and designed to advocate for changes within the legal system that will make it more responsive to the needs and concerns of the Black community. Enforcement of SB 1070 threatens harm to all communities of color in Arizona, including the Black community.

The **National Center for Lesbian Rights (“NCLR”)** is a national legal organization committed to advancing the civil and human rights of LGBT people and their families through litigation, public policy advocacy, and public education. In 1994, NCLR became the first national LGBT legal organization to establish a project dedicated to immigration issues. Since that time, NCLR’s Immigration Project has made significant legal and policy gains for LGBT immigrants and has provided free legal assistance to thousands of LGBT immigrants nationwide. NCLR has argued on behalf of

numerous LGBT applicants for asylum and has published a comprehensive study on the outcomes of lesbian asylum claims. LGBT people face oppression and marginalization based on race, ethnicity, immigration status, class, gender identity, age, or disability. NCLR's work is grounded in the recognition that full equality for the LGBT community can only come about through working for the just treatment of all people.

The National Immigration Project of the National Lawyers Guild

(**"National Immigration Project"**) is a non-profit membership organization of immigration attorneys, legal workers, grassroots advocates, and others working to defend immigrants' rights and to secure a fair administration of the immigration and nationality laws. The National Immigration Project regularly authors and presents public education materials for communities affected by heightened immigration enforcement efforts. The National Immigration Project routinely participates as amicus curiae in cases before the federal courts that impact the constitutional, statutory, and regulatory rights of noncitizens.

The National Korean American Service & Education Consortium

(**"NAKASEC"**) is a dynamic grassroots-based organization founded in 1994 to advance a progressive voice and promote the full participation of Korean Americans within a diverse, national social justice movement. Based in Los Angeles with a D.C. branch office, NAKASEC also has affiliates in Los Angeles (The Korean Resource Center) and in Chicago (The Korean American Resource & Cultural Center). For more than a decade, NAKASEC and affiliates have conducted campaigns, programs, policy advocacy, and community education on the importance of protecting and advancing the

rights of immigrants. Korean Americans now number over 1.5 million, of which more than 65 percent are immigrants, and are thus directly impacted by policies related to immigrants and immigration reform. Roughly 30,000 Korean Americans live and work in Arizona according to community reports. Communities have been devastated by current immigration reform policies including the separation of families and young children. As an ethnic minority group, the Korean American community fears that passage of SB 1070 will legalize discriminatory treatment against Korean Americans.

The National Organization for Mexican American Rights, Inc.

(“**NOMAR, Inc.**”) is a national nonprofit organization established for the purpose of promoting and defending the civil rights of Americans of Hispanic origin and their right to equal employment and educational opportunities. It is also the mission of this organization to defend and protect the civil rights of Hispanic Americans to ensure that they are afforded all of the rights provided by the Constitution and the Bill of Rights of the United States of America. NOMAR, Inc. is concerned that the potential for civil rights violations will occur based on the recently passed Arizona law SB 1070. It appears evident that Hispanics will be at significant risk for harassment based solely on their skin color and the perceived notion that all Hispanics are potentially “illegal aliens.” The purported intent of the law is to stem the flow of unauthorized immigration from Mexico; thus, the logical conclusion is that the overwhelming number of stops for suspicious activity will be Hispanics, whether undocumented immigrants or U.S. citizens.

The New York Immigration Coalition (“NYIC”) is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization that serves as an umbrella policy and advocacy organization for

approximately 175 immigrant serving groups throughout New York State. The mission of the NYIC is to achieve a fairer and more just society that values the contributions of immigrants and extends opportunity to all. With its multi-ethnic, multi-racial, and multi-sector base, the NYIC provides both a forum for immigrant groups to share their concerns and a vehicle for collective action to bring about positive social change locally and nationally. We believe that the enforcement of laws like SB 1070 in Arizona will result in discrimination against communities of color and will cause people in those communities to fear seeking assistance of law enforcement in case they become victims of crime or are witnesses of crime.

OneAmerica's mission is to advance the fundamental principles of democracy and justice at the local, state, and national levels by building power within immigrant communities in collaboration with key allies. Formed directly after September 11, 2001 in response to hate crimes and discrimination targeting Arabs, Muslims, and South Asians, OneAmerica has now grown into a leading force for immigrant, civil and human rights. OneAmerica has consistently fought to maintain the longstanding barrier between federal enforcement of immigration laws and local enforcement of criminal laws because — according to law enforcement officials and community members alike — the most effective means of keeping communities safe is to ensure trusting relationships with those communities. OneAmerica believes SB 1070 will lead to the destruction of trust between law enforcement and communities that will threaten public safety.

The Organization of Chinese Americans (“OCA”) is a national organization dedicated to advancing the social, political, and economic well-being of

Asian Pacific Americans. Headquartered in Washington, D.C., OCA represents members and associates in over 80 chapters and affiliates across the country. OCA has worked in coalition with other national groups to defend the rights of the Asian Pacific American and immigrant communities and ensure that they are accorded the rights guaranteed to them under the Constitution and federal, state, and local law. OCA supports this brief because SB 1070 is detrimental to the Asian Pacific American immigrant community by sanctioning discrimination based on outward appearance.

The mission of **Progressive Jewish Alliance (“PJA”)** is to engage Jews of diverse backgrounds to learn, lead, and act to create a more just and equal society. PJA’s vision of social transformation is rooted in Jewish values and realized through partnership with local and national allies. PJA has fought for economic justice by standing with disenfranchised and marginalized communities and by organizing the Jewish community to join in campaigns to improve working conditions and secure basic rights for low-wage workers. PJA believes Jews have a deep lived history of migration and that the Torah commands to “honor the stranger, for [we] were strangers in the land of Egypt.” This migratory history commands the recognition of the humanity of migrants, the underlying reasons for their migration, and the perils of persecution created by SB 1070.

Public Counsel is the public interest law office of the Los Angeles County and Beverly Hills Bar Associations and the Southern California affiliate of the Lawyers’ Committee for Civil Rights Under Law. Established in 1970, Public Counsel is dedicated to advancing equal justice under law by delivering free legal and social services to indigent and underrepresented children, adults, and families throughout Los Angeles

County, ensuring that other community-based organizations serving this population have legal support, and mobilizing the pro bono resources of attorneys, law students, and other professionals. Public Counsel's Immigrants' Right Project has broad expertise in federal immigration issues based on its work representing immigrants before U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, the Executive Office for Immigration Review and the federal courts. Public Counsel also conducts legal rights presentations to immigrants detained by Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("ICE") in Santa Ana, California and provides legal representation to ICE detainees.

The **Sikh American Legal Defense and Education Fund ("SALDEF")** is a national civil rights and educational organization. Its mission is to protect the civil rights of Sikh Americans and ensure a fostering environment in the United States for future generations of Sikh Americans. SALDEF seeks to empower Sikh Americans through legal assistance, educational outreach, legislative advocacy, and media relations. SALDEF believes that it can attain these goals by helping to protect the religious and civil liberties of people of all backgrounds. SALDEF speaks here against SB 1070 and for the protection of members of all minority communities who may be targeted by law enforcement as a result of this bill.

The **Society of American Law Teachers ("SALT")** is an association of law faculty, deans, administrators, and legal education professionals from over 170 law schools. Incorporated in 1974, SALT was founded by a group of leading law professors dedicated to improving the quality of legal education by making it more responsive to societal concerns. SALT has appeared as amicus curiae in federal and state courts on

behalf of historically under-represented groups to support their claims to equal access to education, employment, and health care, and to full participation in civic life. As a membership organization of law scholars and teachers, SALT is particularly sensitive to the need for coherent systems of law affecting the preservation of human and civil rights within America's borders.

The **Southern Center for Human Rights (“the Center”)** is a non-profit, public interest organization that provides legal representation to people facing the death penalty, challenges human rights violations in prisons and jails, seeks through litigation and advocacy to improve legal representation for poor people accused of crimes, and advocates for criminal justice system reforms on behalf of those affected by the system in the Southern United States. SB 1070 will inevitably lead to discriminatory treatment by law enforcement and will exacerbate the harmful effects of a criminal justice system that already unfairly targets communities of color. The Center has an interest in ensuring that similar legislation is not replicated in the Southern states.